Spiral Dynamics® & Education

An overview of thinking processes in learning & training environments.

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Introduction

- What is Spiral Dynamics®?
- The myths that exist, the traps that occur
- How Spiral Dynamics® came to be
- Overview of the thinking processes
- Quick self assessment
- Its use in Education as a teaching/training tool
- Its use in Education as a Management tool
- Learning Management

Background

- Spiral Dynamics_® indicates two connected threads which shape the thinking process
- Life Conditions are the external environmental factors that the person must deal with on a day to day basis
- Thinking Capacities are the various abilities and skill sets (Bloom's 8 Intelligences etc) that form the ability to think about and deal with the external problems facing the person

Managing Change & Differences

- 1. What is your problem solving style?
- 2. What is your favourite training style?
- 3. What strategies work, when?
- 4. What do you do when a problem doesn't work?

- 5. How do others differ from you in their approaches?
- 6. What problems do you avoid or strongly dislike?
- 7. Which do you feel confident about?
- 8. Become aware of how you feel about each problem.

'Cool' versus 'Warm'

- Purple Blue Green
- Defer to others
- Seeks comfort in group surrounds
- Looks to appropriate authority for guidance
- Consideration of own group is important
- Instructions are followed
- Dots the i, crosses the t.

- Red Orange Yellow
- Defers to self
- Looks for control
- Searches out answers in own way
- Challenges orthodoxy
- Thrives on challenge
- Seeks shortcuts
- Looks for quicker more effective ways for action

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L2 – Learning Preferences

- Typically 'Pavlovian'
- Learner will copy the example of 'teacher' a 'monkey see monkey do' approach
- Rote & Repetition, consistency
- Rewards for the whole group
- Set a pace and have everyone travel at same speed.

L2 Delivery Method (part two)

- Use Myths and Metaphors to convey more complex meanings and accept that it may take time for the 'penny to drop'
- Stories of mystical spirits will captivate as will songs and chants
- Group rewards that meet a basic physiological need (like chocolate) © will be highly regarded
- Create 'special places' and 'icons' for important and regular activity

L3 – Learning Preferences

- Instant rewards for achievement, even pre reward for engagement.
- Fearful of shame & losing face
- No consideration of consequences of actions, no guilt & blames others for own behaviour – 'they made me do it'
- Trial and error, heroic attempts, 'I dare ya'
- Abundant passion, creativity and enthusiasm

L3 Delivery Method (part two)

- Self Directed
- Can require a firm authoritative hand to direct
- Allow for enthusiasm and bursts of creativity no matter how far off centre they may be.
- Bring back on track by recognition of 'effort' & suggest things to include for next time

L4 – Learning Preferences

- Compliant and obedient to higher authority
- Will follow the rules without question
- Can appear to lack the passion of CP as operates in 'self control' as expected by higher authority'
- Absorbs facts, seeks 'absolute' truths
- Learns in order to avoid punishment & expects punishment to be meted out when errors occur

L4 Delivery Method (part two)

- Instructive and authoritarian
- Punish appropriately for undesired activities
- No Punishment = No Learning!
- Too much punishment = Rigid Learning
- Memorised, structured curriculum

L5 - Learning Preferences

- Seeks comparisons to peers
- Likes to analyse, create new improved versions, pull things apart and reconstruct
- Uses existing knowledge as base line and expands outwards to test for further options
- Validity rests in individual's own experience, not through the stories of others
- Multiple answers more attractive than 'one right' answer

L5 Delivery Method (pat one)

- Allow for self expression and independence
- Provide experiential learning opportunities that challenge and test existing skill sets
- Enter into the learning experience with them
- Become more of a coach than 'lecturer'
- Ensure there is individual recognition
- Be supportive through the learning journey

L6 - Learning Preferences

- Collaborative, group based experiences
- Logic may be secondary to feelings
- Likes 'modelling outcomes' and dislikes competitive learning environments.
- Heavy authoritarian spaces cause frustration, anger and resentment
- Learning situations and context important and relevant

L6 Delivery Method (part one)

- Facilitate 'observational' learning approaches
- The process is where the learning takes place as this thinking approach observes how others respond to their actions
- Teachers & trainers need to be a part of this group, not external to it
- Incentive derived from group reinforcement
- Feelings are always more important than the facts
- Create overarching goals that all within the team can contribute to, to help keep the group connected

L7 - Learning Preferences

- Multidimensional and integrative rather than forcing a preferred system, seeks to find a pattern within existing systems or improve current systems to best meet the greater majority.
- Self paced with few needs to compete
- Rewards self rather than requiring outside 'approval'
- Can lack focus, deals with multi tasking well though may need reminder to focus on completion
- Will seek to learn from any source at any time
- Instructor needs to demonstrate relevance of material

L7 - Delivery Method (part one)

- Pose problems & provide different ways to seek many answers
- Provide resources when required
- Teachers act as consultants & PA's rather then evaluators or judges
- Be aware that as GT allows for multiple possibilities you may see a delay in response.

How Learner's get 'stuck'

- 1. When their thinking style cannot meet the level of problem complexity
- 2. When in transition 2 steps forward one step back can just as quickly become 2 steps back, one step forward
- 3. When the learning environment does not match their learning preference (look for signs of change)
- 4. When the incentives to learn do not match the things that they value. Pay attention to the 'how' of incentives, rather than the 'what'.

Learning Management

- Successful teachers & trainers risk failure if they continue to teach people who've changed in same ways that made them successful educators in the first place
- The fundamental aim is to teach in ways that match & relate to your student's learning styles
- Failures occur when educators believe students share the same value systems as they do or attempt a 'cookie cutter' delivery style

Sources & Reading

- National Values Centre, NVC Consulting www.spiraldynamics.org, www.claregraves.com
- 'Spiral Dynamics Mastering Leadership, Values & Change', Beck & Cowan, 1996 Blackwell Publishing
- *'Clare W Graves Levels of Human Existence'*, Edited by William R Lee 2002 Eclet Publishing
- For Information on training in Spiral Dynamics in Australia, contact Dianne Moore at Paramount Training paramounttraining@bigpond.com
- 'Spiral Dynamics' is a trademark of the National Values Centre
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